



Web Application Development

Python Flask

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What is Flask?

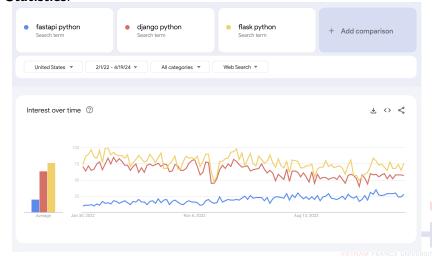
- Flask is a lightweight web framework for Python.
- It is designed to be simple and flexible.
- Often referred to as a "micro" framework because it doesn't require particular tools or libraries.
- Flask gives developers full control over components, unlike larger frameworks like Django.





Python BE trend

Statistics:



Key Features of Flask

Why use Flask?

- Lightweight and minimalistic.
- **Highly extensible:** Add what you need (e.g., database, authentication).
- Jinja2 template engine: Dynamic HTML rendering.
- Development server and debugger: Simplifies testing and development.



Flask vs. Django

Flask	Django
Micro framework	Full-stack framework
Minimal, flexible	Pre-built tools and
	structure
Manual routing	Automatic routing
Lightweight, quick to set	Heavier, more features
up	

Flask: Ideal for small to medium applications or for learning web development.

Installing Flask

Step 1: Install Flask using pip.

pip install flask

Step 2: Verify Installation.

python -m flask --version

This should display the Flask version installed.



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Creating Your First Flask App

Step 1: Create a new Python file.

```
from flask import Flask
app = Flask(__name__)
@app.route('/')
def hello_world():
    return 'Hello, Flask!'
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```



Running the Flask Application

Step 2: Run the application from the terminal.

python app.py

Access the application: Open your browser and go to

http://localhost:5000.



Breakdown of Flask Application

- Flask(_name__): Creates a Flask application object.
- @app.route('/'): Defines the route for the homepage.
- def hello_world(): This function handles the requests and returns the response.
- app.run(debug=True): Starts the development server with debugging enabled.



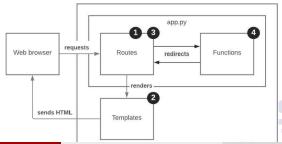
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What is Routing?

Routing:

- The process of mapping URLs to specific code functions.
- Every route is associated with a URL and function.
- Flask uses decorators like @app.route() to define routes.





Defining Routes in Flask

```
@app.route('/about')
def about():
    return 'This is the About page.'
```

Dynamic Routes:

```
@app.route('/user/<name>')
def user(name):
   return f'Hello, {name}!'
```



Route Methods (GET and POST)

GET:

- Used to request data from the server.
- Common for pages like forms or search engines.

POST:

- Used to send data to the server (e.g., form submissions).
- More secure, data is not visible in the URL.



Thank you for listening!

