Exercise 0:

Which relation is NOT a function?

$$\{(1,-5), (3,1), (-5,4), (4,-2)\}$$

$$\{(2,7), (3,7), (4,7), (5,8)\}$$

$$\{(1,-5), (-1,6), (1,5), (6,-3)\}$$

$$\{(3,-2), (5,-6), (7,7), (8,8)\}$$

Exercise 1:

Which of the following relations $f: \mathbb{Q} \to \mathbb{Q}$ define a mapping? In each case, supply a reason why f is or is not a mapping.

$$f(p/q) = \frac{p+1}{p-2}$$
$$f(p/q) = \frac{p}{p+q}$$

Exercise 2:

Determine which of the following functions are one-to-one and which are onto. If the function is not onto, determine its range

$$f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$$
 defined by $f(x) = e^x$
 $f: \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}$ defined by $f(n) = n^2 + 5$
 $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = \sin x$
 $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = |x| + 2$

Exercise 3:

Find the inverse of the following functions:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 7$$

$$f(x) = (x - 2)^3 + 1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1 + 2x}{7 + x}$$

Exercise 4:

Suppose that $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 3$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$. Determine the domain of f+g, f-g, fg, and f/g.

Exercise 5:

Define a function on real numbers by

$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$$

What are the domain and range of f? What is the inverse of f? compute $f\circ f^{-1}$ and $f^{-1}\circ f$

Exercise 6:

What is the inverse of $f(x) = ln(\frac{e^x}{e^x-1})$? what is the domain of f^{-1} ?