

Asynchronous Sockets

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- What & Why
- Nonblocking Sockets
- Multiplexing



What & Why



What?

- By default: blocking, e.g.
 - `accept()` only returns when there's an incoming connection
 - `read()/recv()` only return when there's some data
 - `write()/send()` only return when data is successfully sent
- Nonblocking: calls to network functions return to caller immediately

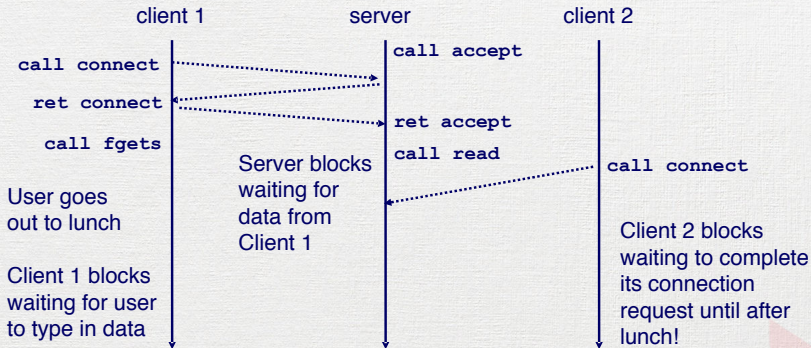


Why?

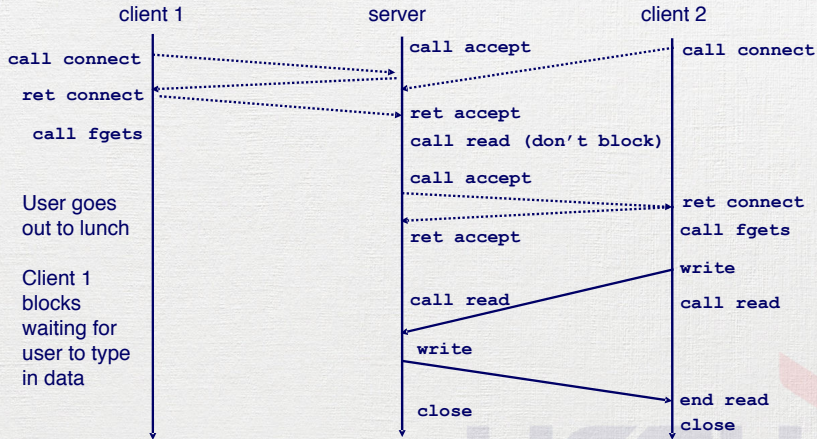
- With blocking socket
 - Server can only serve 1 client at anytime
 - Needs to take turn
 - No timeout



Why?

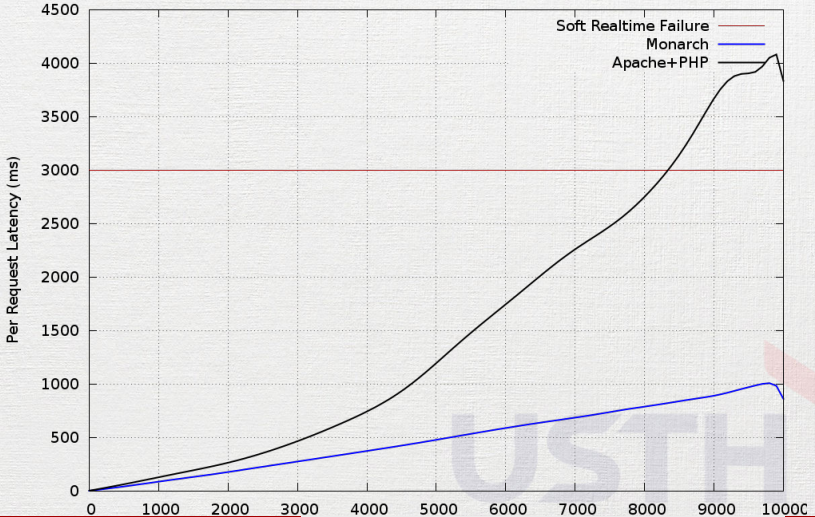


Why?



Why?

Apache2+PHP5 and Monarch3 Latency Benchmarks Concurrency vs. Latency



What we need

- A single server that supports multiple client concurrently:
 - accepts multiple connections
 - receives messages from all connected clients
 - sends message from STDIN to all clients



Nonblocking Sockets



What?

- Nonblocking operations
 - `connect()`
 - `accept()`
 - `read()` / `write()`
 - `send()` / `recv()`



What?

- Looks great!
- ...but...
 - Complication
 - Maintenance



How to use it?

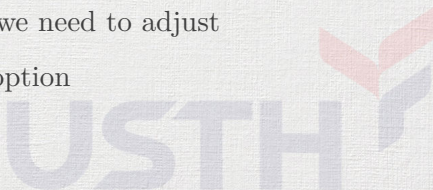
- Allow reusing address
- Enable nonblocking option
- Restructure server & client
- Profit.



Reusing address

```
int setsockopt(int socket, int level,  
              int option_name,  
              const void *option_value, socklen_t option_len);
```

- **Set Socket Options**
- socket: the file descriptor returned by socket()
- level: protocol level
- option_name: the option that we need to adjust
- option_value: value for that option
- option_len: its length



Reusing address

Name	Meaning
SO_DEBUG	recording of debugging information
SO_REUSEADDR	local address reuse
SO_REUSEPORT	duplicate address and port bindings
SO_KEEPAIVE	keep connections alive
SO_DONTROUTE	routing bypass for outgoing messages
SO_BROADCAST	permission to transmit broadcast messages
SO_SNDBUF	set buffer size for output
SO_RCVBUF	set buffer size for input
SO_SNDTIMEO	set timeout value for output
SO_RCVTIMEO	set timeout value for input
SO_TYPE	get the type of the socket (get only)

Reusing address

Example:

```
setsockopt(sockfd, SOL_SOCKET,  
           SO_REUSEADDR, &(int){ 1 },  
           sizeof(int));
```



Enable nonblocking option

- `fcntl(int fd, int command, int value)`: **file control**
 - `F_GETFL`
 - `F_SETFL`
- `O_NONBLOCK`
- Example:

```
int fl = fcntl(fd, F_GETFL, 0);  
fl |= O_NONBLOCK;  
fcntl(fd, F_SETFL, fl);
```



Restructure server & client

Blocking Server

```
socket()...
bind()...
listen()...
while (1) {
    clientfd = accept();
    while (1) {
        read()...
        printf()...
        scanf()...
        write()...
    }
}
close()...
```

Non-blocking Server

```
socket()...
setsockopt()... // reuse address
fcntl()... // nonblocking
bind()...
listen()...
while (1) {
    clientfd = accept();
    if (clientfd > 0) {
        fcntl()... // nonblocking client
        while (1) {
            if (read()... > 0) printf()...
            if (poll()...) {
                scanf()...
                write()...
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Restructure server & client

Blocking Client

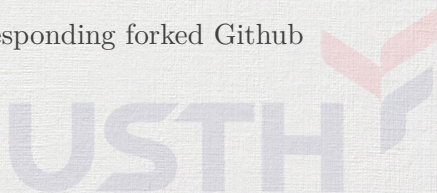
```
socket()...
gethostbyname()...
connect()...
while (1) {
    scanf()...
    write()...
    read()...
    printf()...
}
close()...
```

Non-blocking Client

```
socket()...
gethostbyname()...
connect()...
setsockopt()... // reuse address
fcntl()... // nonblocking
while (1) {
    if (read()... > 0) printf()...
    if (poll()...) {
        scanf()...
        write()...
    }
}
```

Practical Work 8: Nonblocking System

- Copy your client and server code from 7th practical work to
 - « 08.practical.work.server.nonblock.c »
 - « 08.practical.work.client.nonblock.c »
 - Improve server and client: nonblocking sockets
- Test the system between your laptop and VPS
- Do you see any problem with your server & client?
- Push your C programs to corresponding forked Github repository



Multiplexing



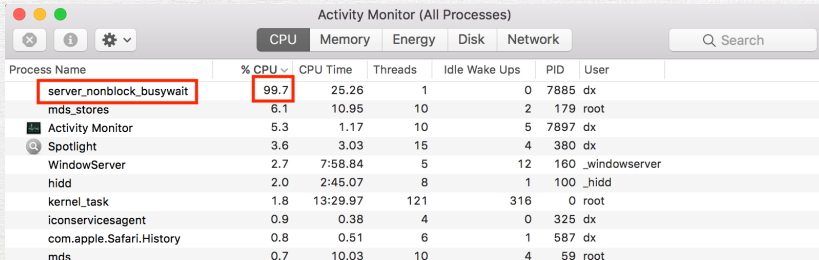
What?

- Gather all sockets into one common set
- **Non-busy (blocked) wait** for an event from this set
- Handle the event
 - If event is from the `listen()` socket, that's an incoming connection
 - If event is from the `accept()` socket (server) or `connect()` (client), that's data



Why?

- Nonblocking sockets without multiplexing: busy waiting



Process Name	% CPU	CPU Time	Threads	Idle Wake Ups	PID	User
server_nonblock_busywait	99.7	25.26	1	0	7885	dx
mds_stores	6.1	10.95	10	2	179	root
Activity Monitor	5.3	1.17	10	5	7897	dx
Spotlight	3.6	3.03	15	4	380	dx
WindowServer	2.7	7:58.84	5	12	160	_windowserver
hidd	2.0	2:45.07	8	1	100	_hidd
kernel_task	1.8	13:29.97	121	316	0	root
iconservicesagent	0.9	0.38	4	0	325	dx
com.apple.Safari.History	0.8	0.51	6	1	587	dx
mds	0.7	10.03	10	4	59	root

```
while (1) {  
    if (read()... > 0) printf()...  
    if (poll()...) {  
        scanf()...  
        write()...  
    }  
}
```



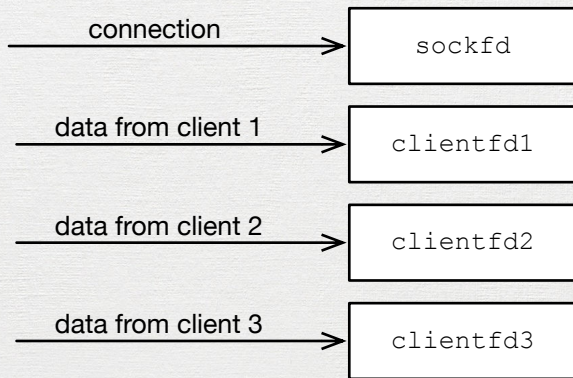
How?

- Group file descriptors into a «set»
- «Poll and **Wait**» the whole set
- Handle the «selected» file descriptors



How: Group file descriptors

What we have



How: Group file descriptors

What we need



How: Group file descriptors

- Include:

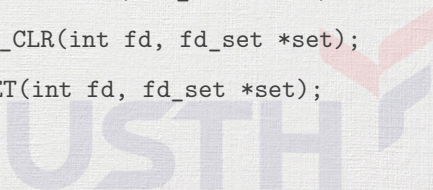
```
#include <sys/select.h>
```

- Data structure: `fd_set`

- Macros:

- Clear the set: `FD_ZERO(*set);`
- Add a FD into the set: `FD_SET(int fd, fd_set *set);`
- Remove a FD from the set `FD_CLR(int fd, fd_set *set);`
- Check event for FD: `FD_ISSET(int fd, fd_set *set);`

- For help, `man select`



How: Group file descriptors

Multiplexed Nonblocking Server Example:

```
int clientfds[100];           // list of connected clients, >0 if valid
memset(clientfds, 0, sizeof(clientfds)); // clear the list
int sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0); // TCP, IPv4
setsockopt(sockfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR, &(int){1}, sizeof(int));
fcntl(sockfd, F_SETFL, )... // nonblocking socket
bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&saddr, sizeof(saddr));
listen(sockfd, 5);           // listen, maximum 5 clients at anytime
while (1) {
    fd_set set;              // declaration of the set
    FD_ZERO(&set);           // clear the set
    FD_SET(sockfd, &set);    // add listening sockfd to set
    for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++) {
        // add connected client sockets to set
        if (clientfds[i] > 0) FD_SET(clientfds[i], &set);
    }
    // each time we accept, we add client socket to clientfd[] array
    // but that's later
}
```

How: Poll and Wait

```
select(int nfd, fd_set *readfds,  
       fd_set *writefds, fd_set *errorfds,  
       struct timeval *timeout);
```

- `nfd`: maximum value of all FDs in the set, PLUS 1
- `readfds`: FDs to check for ready-to-read
- `writefds`: FDs to check for ready-to-write
- `errorfds`: FDs to check for ready-to-check-error
- `timeout`: as the name says...
 - if NULL, blocks indefinitely



How: Poll and Wait

Multiplexed Nonblocking Server Example:

```
while (1) {  
    fd_set set;                // declaration of the set  
    FD_ZERO(&set);            // clear the set  
    FD_SET(sockfd, &set);     // add listening sockfd to set  
    int maxfd = sockfd;       // a required value to pass to select()  
    for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++) {  
        // add connected client sockets to set  
        if (clientfds[i] > 0) FD_SET(clientfds[i], &set);  
        if (clientfds[i] > maxfd) maxfd = clientfds[i];  
    }  
    // poll and wait, blocked indefinitely  
    select(maxfd+1, &set, NULL, NULL, NULL);  
  
    // each time we accept, we add client socket to clientfds[] array  
    // but that's later  
}
```

How: Handle the event

- Use `FD_ISSET()` to check each FDs in the set
 - A “listen” socket: a new connection
 - A client socket: some data is ready to read / write-check error



How: Handle the event

```
// poll and wait, blocked indefinitely
select(maxfd+1, &set, NULL, NULL, NULL);

// a «listening» socket?
if (FD_ISSET(sockfd, &set)) {
    clientfd = accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *) &saddr, &crlen);

    // make it nonblocking
    fl = fcntl(clientfd, F_GETFL, 0);
    fl |= O_NONBLOCK;
    fcntl(clientfd, F_SETFL, fl);

    // add it to the clientfds array
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_CLIENT; i++) {
        if (clientfds[i] == 0) {
            clientfds[i] = clientfd;
            break;
        }
    }
}
```

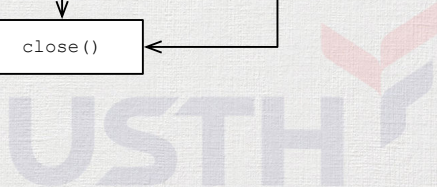
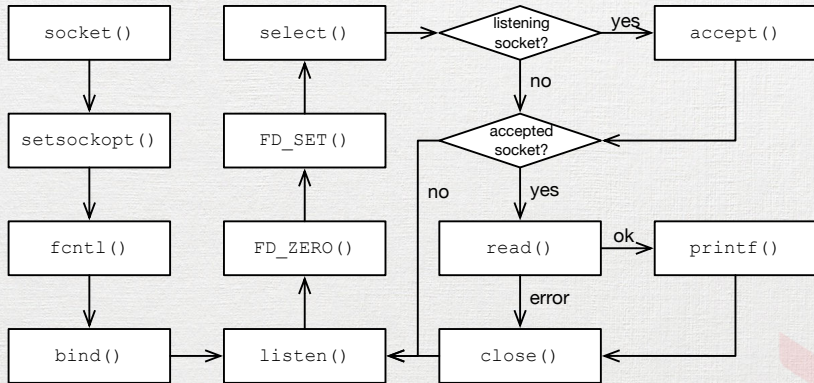
How: Handle the event

```
// poll and wait, blocked indefinitely
select(maxfd+1, &set, NULL, NULL, NULL);

// a «listening» socket?
if (FD_ISSET(sockfd, &set)) { ... }

// is that data from a previously-connect client?
for (i = 0; i < MAX_CLIENT; i++) {
    if (clientfds[i] > 0 && FD_ISSET(clientfds[i], &set)) {
        if (read(clientfds[i], s, sizeof(s)) > 0) {
            printf("client %d says: %s\nserver>", clientfds[i], s);
        }
        else {
            // some error. remove it from the "active" fd array
            printf("client %d has disconnected.\n", clientfds[i]);
            clientfds[i] = 0;
        }
    }
}
}
```

How: Recap

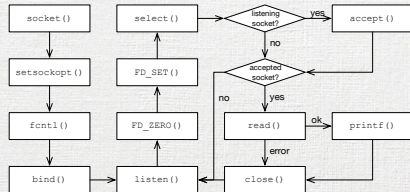
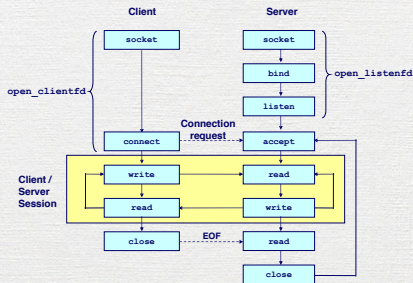


How: Recap

```
socket()...
setsockopt()...
fcntl()...
bind()...
listen()...
while (1) {
    FD_ZERO()...
    FD_SET(sockfd, ...)
    for each client:
        FD_SET(clientfd, ...)    }
    select()...
```

```
if FD_ISSET(sockfd) {
    newclientfd = accept()...
}
for each client:
    if FD_ISSET(clientfd) {
        read()...
        printf()...
    }
}
```

Remind: Blocking vs Multiplexed Nonblocking



Practical Work 9: Multiplexed Nonblocking System

- Copy your server code from 8th practical work to
 - « 09.practical.work.server.multiplex.c »
 - Improve server: add multiplexing
- Test the system between your laptop and VPS
- Push your C program to corresponding forked Github repository



Multiplexing

What's missing?



Multiplexing: What about keyboard input?

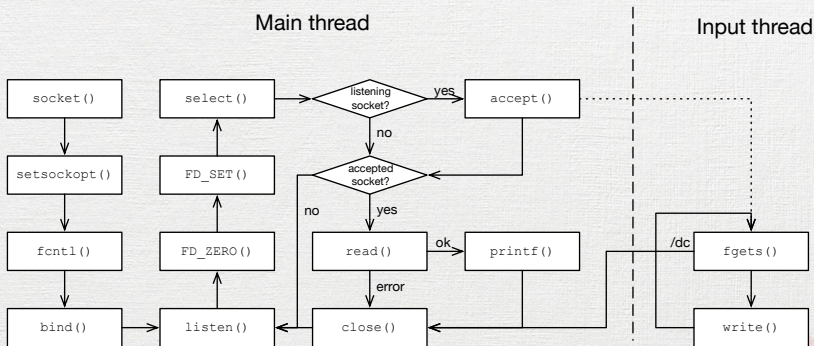


Multiplexing: What about keyboard input?

- Threading with pthread
 - One thread for network
 - One thread for keyboard input
- Synchronization

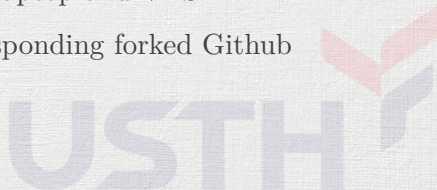


Multiplexing: What about keyboard input?



Final Boss: Multithreaded Multiplexed Nonblocking

- Copy your server code from 9th practical work to
 - « 10.practical.work.server.multithread.c »
 - Improve server: add multithreading with pthread
 - 1 thread for input with `scanf()` / `fgets()` and `send()/write()`
 - Main thread for `accept()`, `recv()/read()`, `close()`
- Test the system between your laptop and VPS
- Push your C program to corresponding forked Github repository



Other Implementations

- **Multi-threaded nonblocking socket**
- Single-threaded nonblocking socket
- Multi-threaded blocking socket
- Multi-process blocking socket

