

Ex 1:

- Level of confidence is 85%

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 15\% \quad \Rightarrow \alpha/2 = 7,5\% = 0,075$$

$$\Rightarrow z_{\alpha/2} = 1,44$$

- Level of confidence is 98%

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 3\% \quad \Rightarrow \alpha/2 = 1,5\% = 0,015$$

$$\Rightarrow z_{\alpha/2} = 2,15$$

Ex 3:

TBC	
Sample size	2407
Sample mean	6,67
Sample std	0,5

Interval Confidence with 90% confidence:  $z_{\alpha/2} = 1,65$

$$\left[ 6,67 - 1,65 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{0,5^2}{2407}} ; 6,67 + 1,65 \cdot \frac{0,5}{\sqrt{2407}} \right]$$

Ex 4.  $n = 16, \quad \sigma = 0,48, \quad \bar{p} = 2,84$

with 90% interval confidence  $\Rightarrow z_{\alpha/2} = 1,65$

$\Rightarrow$  Interval Confidence:

$$\left[ 2,84 - 1,65 \cdot \frac{0,48}{\sqrt{16}} ; 2,84 + 1,65 \cdot \frac{0,48}{\sqrt{16}} \right]$$

Ex 5.

Ctici terk	
Num	419
Nce	1988
Total	2407

$$\hat{p} = \frac{1988}{2407} \approx 0,83$$

With 95% confidence interval  $\Rightarrow z_{\alpha/2} = 1,96$

$\approx$  Interval

$$\left[ 1,96 \cdot 0,83 \mp 1,96 \sqrt{\frac{0,83(1-0,83)}{2407}} ; 0,83 \pm 1,96 \sqrt{\frac{0,83(1-0,83)}{2407}} \right]$$

Ex 6.

98% confidence interval  $\Rightarrow z_{\alpha/2} = 2,33$

$$E = 0,125$$

$$E = z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0,125 = 2,33 \cdot \frac{1,135}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{n} = \frac{2,33 \cdot 1,135}{0,125}$$

$$\Rightarrow n = \left( \frac{2,33 \cdot 1,135}{0,125} \right)^2 \approx 1582,2$$

$\Rightarrow$  minimum  $n = 159$ .

## Labwork (3) (continue)

Ex 7:

$$E = z \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$E = 2000\$$$

with 90% confidence interval  $\Rightarrow z = 1,645$

$$\sigma = 8000\$$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{n} = \frac{z \cdot \sigma}{E}$$

$$\Rightarrow n = \left( \frac{z \cdot \sigma}{E} \right)^2 = \left( \frac{1,645 \cdot 8000}{2000} \right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 43,3$$

$\Rightarrow$  Minimum need 44

Ex 8:

$$E = 0,26$$

with 95% confidence interval  $\Rightarrow z = 1,96$

$$E = z \cdot \sqrt{\frac{P(1-P)}{n}}$$

with Penkown n. Assume  $p = 0,5$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{z^2 \cdot P(1-P)}{E^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{1,96^2 \cdot 0,5 \cdot 0,5}{0,26^2} \approx 14,1$$

$\Rightarrow$  Minimum need = 15

with  $P = 0,15$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{1,96^2 \cdot 0,15 \cdot 0,85}{0,26^2} \approx 7,2$$

$\Rightarrow$  Minimum need = 8